FASTABS THREE WAY DISTRIBUTION HCON BY FCON BY GENSER

THIS STUDY REPRESENTS 9 OF THE 13 INDIVIDUALS WHO WERE PROT. MEMBERS OF THE PARLEMENT. THEREFORE, THERE ARE 4 MISSING OBSERVATIONS.

METHODS OF OBTAINING OFFICES BY GENERATIONS:

INITIALLY ALL THE ORIGINAL PROT. POSITIONS WERE CREATIONS AS DECREED BY THE EDICT OF NANTES. THERE IS ONLY ONE CASE WERE AN OFFICE WAS TRANSFERRED FROM FATHER TO SON. OTHERWISE, IN ALL THE REMAINING OFFICES THERE WERE NO SOCIAL CONNECTIONS BETWEEN THE PROTESTANT CONSEILLERS.

OCCUPATION OF THE FATHER BY GENERATIONS:

INFORMATION ON THOSE WHO SERVED FOR THE FIRST TIME.

PROV. ADMIN	L. ROYAL ADMIN
87.5	12.5

NEARLY ALL THE PROT. WERE DRAWN FROM HUG. STRONGHOLDS IN THE PROVINCES. IT IS ONLY NATURAL THAT THEIR FATHERS SHOULD BE IDENTIFIED WITH THE PROVINCIAL AREAS.

FASTABS – THREE WAY DISTRIBUTION CONREG BY FCON BY GENSER

THIS STUDY REPRESENTS 60 OF THE 72 INDIVIDUALS WHO SERVED IN THE PARLIAMENT AS CON. AUK REGUBTES. THUS, THERE ARE 12 MISSING OBSERVATIONS.

METHODS OF OBTAINING OFFICES BY GENERATIONS:

AMONG THOSE FIRST SERVING IN THE PARLIAMENT, 75.8% HAD NO SOCIAL CONNECTION WITH THE PERSON FROM WHOM THEY EXCHANGED POSITIONS. ADDITIONALLY, 15.2 RECEIVED THEIR POSITION AS A RESULT OF A CREATION WHICH MEANS IN THE PRACTICAL SENSE, 91% PAID FOR THEIR OFFICE. SOME 6.1% OBTAINED IT THROUGH A DIRECT FAMILY LINE AND 3.0% ASSUMED THEIR OFFICE FROM AN ALLIED FAMILY. THIS TEST IS BASED ON 33 MEMBERS.

THE ONLY CHANGE WORTHY OF MENTION IS THAT THE NUMBER OF MEMBERS OF THE 1ST GENERATION WAS A BIT HIGHER IN THE CATAGORY OF DIRECT FAMILY LINE, 16.7%. THOSE WITH NO SOCIAL CONNECTION REMAINED A MAJORITY WITH 77.8% WHILE THE RATE WITH ALLIED FAMILIES REMAINED A COW 5.6%. THIS TEST WAS BASED ON 18 INDIVIDUALS.

THE RESULTS FOR THE 2ND GENERATION ARE BASED ON 7 INDIVIDUALS WHICH MEANS THE STATISTICS SHOULD BE CONSIDERED CAREFULLY. NO SOCIAL CONNECTION 71.4%; DIRECT FAMILY LINE 14.3%, & ALLIED FAMILY 14.3%

FOR THE THIRD GENERATION THERE WERE ONLY TWO CON. AUK REGUBTES.

Occupation of the Father By Generation:

There is a fairly even distribution of occupations for the fathers of the first time servers

Prov. Parl	Finance Ministry	Prov. Admin.	L. Royal Admin	Bourgeois Origins	L. in Legal Sys
12.1	33.3	15.2	24.2	3.0	12.1

The majority came from either the world of finance or they were gradual climbers within the bureaucracy. Each generation would improve upon the position of their father. There were also a sizable number from the provinces.

Here are the results for the 1st generation.

Paris Parl	Finance Ministry	H. Royal Admin	L. Royal Admin
72.2	11.1	5.6	11.1

While many did not inherit the office of his father, they did purchase an office somewhere along their career. The fact that many (3/4) had their father in office meant, the turnover in offices was quite brisk.

For the second generation all seven members had fathers who were members of the Parlement.

FASTABS – THREE WAY DISTRIBUTION MDREG BY FCON BY GENSER

THE COMPARISON MADE BETWEEN MDREG & FCON WAS SO WEAK THAT IT PRODUCED ONLY 116 OUT OF 170 OBSERVATIONS— LEAVING OVER 50 MISSING CASES. SINCE THE RATIO WAS SO LOW, THE STATISTICS WERE NOT GIVEN COMPUTED. BY USING THE FALLOUT SERIES, THE REPORTING RATIO WAS INCREASED CONSIDERABLY AND SHOULD BE REFERRED TOO REGARDING THE DISTRIBUTION WITH THIS FORMULA. THUS, ALL AVAILABLE INFORMATION IS CONTAINED ON #21.

(13)

FASTABS THREE WAY DISTRIBUTION PREP BY FCON BY GENSER

THIS STUDY REPRESENTS 14 OF THE 15 INDIVIDUALS WHO SERVED IN THE PARLIAMENT AS PRESIDENT AUX REQUÊTES. THUS, THERE IS ONLY ONE MISSING OBSERVATION IN THIS STUDY.

METHODS OF OBTAINING OFFICES BY GENERATIONS:

THERE WERE 5 MEMBERS WHO SERVED FOR THE FIRST TIME FROM WHICH ONE WAS FROM A DIRECT FAMILY LINE AND THE REMAINING 4, (80%) HAD NO SOCIAL CONNECTION WHATSOEVER.

EVEN MORE CLEAR ARE THE 5 MEMBERS WHO REPRESENT THE 1ST GENERATION, SINCE NONE OF THEM HAD ANY SOCIAL CONNECTIONS IN THE TRANSFERRED OFFICES.

IN THE CASE OF THE 4 2ND GENERATION MEMBERS, ONE CAME AS A RESULT OF AN ALLIED FAMILY WHILE THE REMAINING THREE HAD NO SOCIAL CONNECTION. WHAT IS SURPRISING IS THAT ONLY ONE IN 14 WERE TIED TO FAMILY TIES OF PASSING DOWN THE OFFICE WITHIN THE FAMILY. THE HIGHER THE OFFICE THE GREATER INTEREST IN MONEY DEVELOPS AS OPPOSED TO TIES OF FAMILY.

Occupation of the Father by Generations:

There are two catagories for consideration with those who were serving for the first time.

Financial Ministry	L. Royal Admin
80.0	20.0

Four of the five had backgrounds in finance.

1st Generation

Parl Paris	H. Royal Admin
80.0	20.0

Four of the five had a background founded in service to the Parliament.

2nd Generation

All 4 members in this class came from families where the fathers were connected with the Parliament of Paris.

FASTABS - THREE WAY DISTRIBUTION - PRENO BY FCON BY GENSER

THIS STUDY REPRESENTS 20 OF THE 26 MEMBERS WHO SERVED IN THE PARLEMENT AS A PRÉSIDES ENQUÊTES. THUS, THERE ARE SIX MISSING OBSERVATIONS.

METHODS OF OBTAINING OFFICES BY GENERATIONS:

AMONG ALL THE PRESIDENTS WHO REPRESENTED THE FIRST OF THEIR FAMILY TO SERVE IN THE PARLEMENT, ~~NONE~~ EACH HAD ANY SOCIAL CONNECTION, MEANING THEY PURCHASED THEIR POST. THIS TEST IS BASED ON 13 INDIVIDUALS.

AS FOR THOSE CONSIDERED AS THE 1ST GENERATION, (2) OR 40% HAD ALLIED FAMILY TIES WITH THE REMAING (3) OR 60% HAD NO SOCIAL CONNECTION IN THE PROCURING OF THEIR OFFICE.

THE REMAINING TWO MEMBERS OF THE 2ND GENERATION ALSO HAD NO SOCIAL CONNECTIONS. IN ALL THE GENERATION THERE WERE NONE WHO ATTAINED THEIR POST AS A RESULT OF IT BEING PASSED FROM ONE FAMILY MEMBER TO ANOTHER. THIS SEEMS ESPECIALLY TRUE IN THE HIGHER OFFICES WERE VALUE OF THE OFFICE WAS MOST CRITICAL.

Occupation of the Father By Generation:

Results for those who were the first servers

Financial Ministry	Prov. Admin	L. Royal Admin	Bourgeois (Trades)	L. Conn w/ Legal Sqs
46.2	7.7	15.4	15.4	15.4

(13)

The majority of men, nearly half, came from the area of finance. While other occupational choices are cited, none dominates as much as the financial. In contrasting the mercenary nature of office selling 2 of the 13 came from backgrounds where the father was a tradesman. Normally to achieve this level of office would require a few generations before prestige and sufficient capital could be accumulated. In this case, two men advances much quicker than most by purchasing one of highest offices of the realm.

Results for the 1st Generation.

Parl Paris	Finance Ministry	H. Royal Admin
60.0	20.0	20.0

(5)

The small number of cases prevents any expression of trends.

For the second generation, both members had fathers who were connected with the parlement.

FASTABS — THREE WAY DISTRIBUTION PREM BY FCON BY GENSER

THIS STUDY WAS NEVER RUN THROUGH THE COMPUTER SINCE IT WAS REALIZED THAT THE USE OF THE P SERIES WOULD MAKE THE DUPLICATION OF INFORMATION QUITE UNNECESSARY. ON # 24 ALL THE STATISTICAL INFORMATION IS COMPLETE WITH NO MISSING OBSERVATIONS. THE SUM TOTAL OF FACTS CONCERNING THE FATHERS OF THE PRESIDENTS À MORTIER IS ON NUMBER 24.

FASTARS — THREE WAY DISTRIBUTION — PCON BY FCON BY GENSER

THIS ENTIRE SERIES WAS DESIGNED TO IMPROVE UPON THE REPORTING PERCENTAGES FROM THE PRECEDING ATTEMPT TO IDENTIFY THE FATHER. THIS DOES EXACTLY THE SAME THING WITH REGARD TO THE FATHER OF THE CONSCILLOR BUT DIFFERS IN THE OTHER RESPECT THAT ONE (PREVIOUS) IS CONCERNED WITH THE METHOD OF OBTAINING THE OFFICE, AND THIS WHICH TREATS THE PALLOTTE. THIS SERIES WILL BE PRESENTED IN CONTRAST WITH THE PREVIOUS SET BY OFFICES.

PALLOTTE CON (17)		CON (9)
230	TOTAL CASES STUDIED	212
289	TOTAL NUMBER INVOLVED	289
59	MISSING OBSERVATIONS	77

FATHER'S OCCUPATIONS BEFORE AND AFTER THE PALLOTTE:

AMONG THE FIRST TO SERVE, THERE ARE SOME NOTICABLE CHANGES IN THE OCCUPATIONS OF THE FATHER BEFORE AND AFTER 1605 THERE WAS A SUDDEN GAIN IN OFFICES GOING TO SONS ~~IN LOWER~~ WHOSE FATHERS WORKED IN LOWER ADMIN. POSITIONS IN PARIS, AND LOSS FROM THE BOURGEOISIE. THE FIGURES ARE AS FOLLOWS —

	PROV.P	FINANCE	PROV.AD.	L.R.AD.	EQUIR	LEGAL LOWER THAN PARL
BEFORE	16%	37.1%	14.5%	12.9%	9.7%	24.2%
AFTER	4.2%	31.3%	22.9%	29.2%	2.1%	10.4%
TOTAL CASES	3	38	20	22	7	20

FOR THE 1ST GENERATION, THE PERCENTAGES CHANGED MARKEDLY IN ONLY A FEW AREAS. THIS DISTRUBS SOME IMPORTANCE BUT THE NUMBER OF CASES INVOLVED MAKES IT SOMEWHAT DIFFICULT TO RELY HEAVILY ON THESE FIGURES. BUT FOR WHAT THEY ARE WORTH —

BEFORE	81.5%	37.5%
AFTER	70.3%	62.5%
	MEMOF P. OF P.	H. Royal ADMIN.

STRICT COMPARISON BETWEEN NO #9 AND NO #17.

FIRST TO SETTLE :

	MEM OF PROV. P.	FINANCE MINISTRY	PROV. ADMIN	L ROYAL ADMIN	BOURG. (TRADES)	LOW LEGAL POSITION
9#	3.2%	34.0%	20.2%	19.2%	7.4%	16.0%
17#	2.7%	34.5%	18.2%	20.0%	6.4%	18.2%

FIRST GENERATION OF CONSEILLERS :

	MEM OF PARIS P	MEM OF PROV. P	FINANCE MINISTRY	H. ROYAL ADMIN.	L. ROYAL ADMIN.	L. LEGAL POSITION
#9	76.0%	1.1%	5.7%	9.2%	6.9%	1.1%
#17	76.9%	1.1%	5.5%	8.8%	6.6	1.1%

THE DIFFERENCES IN THE PERCENTAGES DO NOT YIELD MUCH RESULT BUT THEY ACCURATELY ACCOUNT FOR CLOSE TO 80% OF ALL THE CONSEILLERS A FIGURE WHICH MAKES THE SAMPLE WORTHY OF CONSIDERATION.

FASTABS — THREE WAY DISTRIBUTION - PCONCL BY FCON BY GENSER

THIS STUDY, AS OUTLINED ON #17, WILL COMPARE THE NUMBER OF MISSING OBSERVATIONS WITH NO. #10.

PAULETTE CONCL.		CONCL
55	TOTAL CASES STUDIED	50
81	TOTAL NUMBER INVOLVED	81
26	MISSING OBSERVATIONS	31

FATHER'S OCCUPATION BEFORE AND AFTER THE PAULETTE.

WHEN THE NUMBER INCLUDED AS PART OF THE SAMPLE IS SO SMALL THAT A CHANGE IN ONE COULD PROVIDE A STRONG SHIFT IN THE PERCENTAGES, THEN A CLOSE EXAMINATION OF THE EXISTING STATISTICS ARE OF LITTLE AID AND ASSISTANCE. THIS IS THE CASE WITH THE GENEALOGICAL INFORMATION ON THE SMALL LEVEL OF OFFICES. CHANCE HAS MORE TO DO WITH THINGS THAN STRAIGHT FACTS. THE FIGURES SHOULD BE EXAMINED BUT IT IS BEST TO BE A REFLECTIVE ON CONCLUSIONS DRAWN FROM SUCH SMALL SAMPLES.

STRICT COMPARISON BETWEEN #10 AND NO. #18.

FIRST TO SERVICE —

	FINANCE	PROV. ADMIN	N. ROYAL AD.	L. ROYAL AD	BOURG.	L. LEGAL
#10	16.0%	24.0%	8.0%	12.0%	20.0%	20.0%
#18	13.8%	20.7%	6.9%	17.2%	17.2%	24.1%

FIRST GENERATION —

	MGM. OF PARIS P.	PROV. ADMIN.	N. ROYAL ADMIN	L. ROYAL ADMIN
#10	70.6%	5.9%	17.9%	5.9%
#18	72.2%	5.6%	16.7%	5.6%

Conclusion:

Since the number of the sample represents approximately 68% of the total number, to reduce the sample's missing numbers is a great advantage, even the five made a noticeable difference in the statistics. The distribution of paternal professions is quite even; it can be seen that some members are second or third sons of highly placed Royal servants (H. Royal Admin.) and others from the ranks of the bourgeoisie who obtained a post for his son — the least position being a Concl office. These are extremes between which all other cases fall.

FASTABS — THREE WAY DISTRIBUTION PHCON BY FCON BY GENSOR

THIS SERIES, AS OUTLINED ON #17 WILL COMPARE BASIC FACTUAL OBSERVATIONS WITH NO. #11. THERE IS ABSOLUTELY NO DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE TWO STUDY STATISTICALLY BECAUSE THE SAMPLE NUMBER WAS THE SAME. INFORMATION IS IDENTICAL.

PALCETTE PHCON		CON
9	TOTAL CASES STUDIED	9
13	TOTAL NUMBER INVOLVED	13
4	MISSING OBSERVATIONS	4

ALL OTHER INFORMATION IS NOT OF MUCH VALUE BECAUSE OF THE SMALL NUMBER OF CASES INVOLVED, ONLY 13.

FASTABS – THREE WAY DISTRIBUTION – PCONREG BY FCON BY GENSER

THE PURPOSE OF THE P SERIES WAS TO IMPROVE UPON THE REPORTING PERCENTAGES OVER THE SERIES USING THE OFFICE ALONE. SINCE ON NUMBER #12, THE REPORTING ON CONREG. WAS QUITE HIGH, 60 OF 72 CASES WHICH IS BETTER THAN MOST OF THE OTHER OFFICES. SINCE THE RATIO WAS -30 HIGH WITH THE ORIGINAL METHOD OF COMPILATION, IT WAS DECIDED THAT THERE COULD BE NO GENERAL IMPROVEMENT IN THE RATIO, THUS MAKING THE P SERIES AN UNNECESSARY RUN.